Table 2 (South). Continued JAN-FEB MAR-APR MAY-JUN JUL-AUG SEP-OCT **NOV-DEC** 32 Minor nearshore rockfish & Black rockfish æ. B 900 lb/ 2 600 lb/ 2 800 lb/ 2 800 lb/ 2 CLOSED 600 lb/2 months 33 Shallow nearshore months months months months 34 Deeper nearshore П 700 lb/ 2 35 40°10' - 34°27' N lat 700 lb/2 months months CLOSED 800 lb/2 months N 500 lb/ 2 36 South of 34°27' N. lat. 600 lb/2 months months S 600 lb/ 2 600 lb/ 2 CLOSED 37 California scorpionfish 1,200 lb/ 2 months months months 0 400 lb/ CLOSE CLOSED 38 Lingcod^{3/} 800 lb/2 months month D 1.000 lb/ 2 months 39 Pacific cod 7 150,000 lb/ 2 200,000 lb/ 2 months 40 Spiny dogfish 100.000 lb/ 2 months months Not limited 41 Other fish 4 & Cabezon 1/ "Other flatfish" are defined at § 660.11 and include butter sole, curlfin sole, flathead sole, Pacific sanddab, rex sole, rock sole, and sand sole. 2/ POP is included in the trip limits for minor slope rockfish. Yellowtail is included in the trip limits for minor shelf rockfish. Bronzespotted rockfish have a species specific trip limit. 3/ The minimum size limit for lingcod is 24 inches (61 cm) total length South of 42° N. lat. 4/ "Other fish" are defined at § 660.11 and include sharks, skates (including longnose skates), ratfish, morids, grenadiers, and kelp greenling. 5/ The Rockfish Conservation Area is an area closed to fishing by particular gear types, bounded by lines specifically defined by latitude and longitude coordinates set out at §§ 660.71-660.74. This RCA is not defined by depth contours (with the exception of the 20-fm

depth contour boundary south of 42° N. lat.), and the boundary lines that define the RCA may close areas that are deeper or shallower than the depth contour. Vessels that are subject to RCA restrictions may not fish in the RCA, or operate in the RCA for any purpose other than transiting.

To convert pounds to kilograms, divide by 2.20462, the number of pounds in one kilogram.